INDIAN INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY KOTTAYAM



Curriculum and Syllabus for the PG Course MTech Programme In Artificial Intelligence & Data Science For Working Professionals

CURRICULUM

General Course Structure	3
Detailed Course Structure	4
SEMESTER I	5
DSC 511 Statistical Foundations for Data Science [2-0-0-2]	5
DSC512 Programming and Data Structures [2-0-2-3]	6
DSC513 Introduction to Data Science [2-0-2-3]	7
SEMESTER II	8
DSC521 Mathematical Foundation for Data Science [2-0-0-2]	8
DSC 522 Artificial Intelligence Engineering [2-0-2-3]	9
DSC523 Data Mining [3-0-0-3]	10
SEMESTER III	12
DSC611 Machine Learning: Principles and Practices [3-0-0-3]	12
DSC612 Neural Networks and Deep Learning [3-0-0-3]	13
DSC613 Big Data Analytics [2-0-2-3]	14
SEMESTER IV	17
DSC 621 Data Visualization and Predictive analytics [3-0-2-4]	17
DSC622 Graph Algorithms and Mining [2-0-0-2]	
DSC623 Business Analytics [1-0-0-1]	19

M. Tech in AI and Data Science

	Subject	L-T-P	Credits	
	Semester I			
DSC 511	Statistical Foundations for Data Science	2-0-0	2	
DSC512	Programming and Data Structures	2-0-2	3	
DSC513	Introduction to Data Science	2-0-2	3	
	Semester II			
DSC 521	Mathematical Foundations for Data Science	2-0-0	2	
DSC 522	Artificial Intelligence Engineering	2-0-2	3	
DSC 523	Data Mining	3-0-0	3	
	Semester III			
DSC 611	Machine Learning: Principles and Practices	3-0-0	3	
DSC XXX	Elective I	3-0-0	3	
DSC XXX	Elective II	2-0-2	3	
	Semester IV			
DSC XXX	Elective III	3-0-2	4	
DSC XXX	Elective IV	2-0-0	2	
DSC XXX	Business Analytics	1-0-0	1	
	Semester V			
CSE711	Project (Stage 1)		14	
Semester VI				
CSE721	Project (Stage 2)		14	
Total Credits			60	

General Course Structure

Electives:

- Real time-Analytics
- Information Retrieval
- Ethics for Data Science
- Natural Language Processing
- Advanced Topics in Data Processing
- Neural Networks and Deep Learning
- Big Data Analytics
- Data Visualization and Predictive analytics
- Graphs Algorithms and Mining

M. Tech in AI and Data Science

Detailed Course Structure

	Subject	L-T-P	Credits
	Semeste	r I	
DSC 511	Statistical Foundations for Data Science	2-0-0	2
DSC512	Programming and Data Structures	2-0-2	3
DSC513	Introduction to Data Science	2-0-2	3
	Semester	· II	
DSC 521	Mathematical Foundations for Data Science	2-0-0	2
DSC 522	Artificial Intelligence Engineering	2-0-2	3
DSC 523	Data Mining	3-0-0	3
	Semester	III	
DSC 611	Machine Learning: Principles and Practice	3-0-0	3
DSC 612	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	3-0-0	3
DSC 613	Big Data Analytics	2-0-2	3
	Semester	IV	·
DSC 621	Data Visualization and Predictive analytics	3-0-2	4
DSC 622	Graphs Algorithms and Mining	2-0-0	2
DSC 623	Business Analytics	1-0-0	1
	Semester	r V	
CSE711	Project (Stage 1)		14
	Semester	·VI	
CSE721	Project (Stage 2)		14
Total Credits			60

CURRICULUM

SEMESTER I

DSC 511 Statistical Foundations for Data Science [2-0-0-2]

Objectives

- To learn basic and some advanced concepts in probability and statistics.
- To learn the concepts of statistics and random process in solving problems arising in data science.

Outcomes

- Students will be able to model uncertain phenomena using probability models and calculate the uncertainty in systems where such phenomena are a part of the system.
- Students will be able to implement statistical analysis techniques for solving practical problems.

Syllabus

Probability: Sample space, events and axioms; conditional probability; Bayes theorem; Random variables; Standard discrete and continuous probability distributions; Expectations and moments; Covariance and correlation; Linear Regression; Central limit theorem.

Statistics: Sampling distributions of the sample mean and the sample variance for a normal population; Point and interval estimation; Sampling distributions (Chi-square, t,F,Z), Hypothesis testing ; One tailed and two-tailed tests; Analysis of variance, ANOVA, One way and two way classifications.

Random Processes: Definition and classification of random processes, Poisson process, Gaussian white noise. Statistical analysis using R.

- 1. S. Ross, Introduction to Probability and Statistics for and Engineers and Scientists, Third Edition, Elsevier, 2004.
- 2. G. R. Grimmett and D. R. Stirzaker, Probability and Random Processes, Oxford University Press, 2001
- 3. R.V. Hogg, J.W. Mckean & A. Craig, Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, 6th Edition.
- 4. Montgomery, D. C. and G. C. Runger, Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers. 5th Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., NY, USA. 2009
- 5. Robert H. Shumway and David S. Stoffer, Time Series Analysis and Its Applications with R Examples, Third edition, Springer Texts in Statistics, 2006.
- 6. Athanasios Papoulis, Probability Random Variables and Stochastic Processes, 4th edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.

DSC512 Programming and Data Structures [2-0-2-3]

Objectives

The course is intended to provide the foundations of the practical implementation and usage of Algorithms and Data Structures. One objective is to ensure that the student evolves into a competent programmer capable of designing and analysing implementations of algorithms and data structures for different kinds of problems. The second objective is to expose the student to the algorithm analysis techniques, to the theory of reductions, and to the classification of problems into complexity classes like NP.

Outcomes

- Design and analyse programming problem statements.
- Choose appropriate data structures and algorithms, understand the ADT/libraries, and use it to design algorithms for a specific problem.
- Understand the necessary mathematical abstraction to solve problems.
- Come up with analysis of efficiency and proofs of correctness
- Comprehend and select algorithm design approaches in a problem specific manner.

Syllabus

Introduction: Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithms, Review of Basic Concepts, Asymptotic Analysis of Recurrences. Randomized Algorithms. Randomized Quicksort, Analysis of Hashing algorithms.

Algorithm Analysis Techniques - Amortized Analysis. Application to Splay Trees. External Memory ADT - B-Trees. Priority Queues and Their Extensions: Binomial heaps, Fibonacci heaps, applications to Shortest Path Algorithms. Partition ADT: Weighted union, path compression, Applications to MST. Algorithm Analysis and Design Techniques.

Dynamic Programming, Greedy Algorithms-Bellman-Ford. Network Flows-Max flow, min-cut theorem, Ford-Fulkerson, Edmonds-Karp algorithm.

Intractable Problems: Polynomial Time, class P, Polynomial Time Verifiable Algorithms, class NP, NP completeness and reducibility, NP Hard Problems, Approximation Algorithms.

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, by T. H. Cormen, C. E. Lieserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, Third Edition, MIT Press.
- 2. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C by Horowitz, Sahni, and Anderson-Freed, Universities Press
- 3. Algorithms, by S. Dasgupta, C. Papadimitrou, U Vazirani, Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. Algorithm Design, by J. Klienberg and E. Tardos, Pearson Education Limited.

DSC513 Introduction to Data Science [2-0-2-3]

Objectives

- To understand the basic concepts of Data science
- Ability to apply Data Science in different domain
- Do exploratory analysis on a given data

Outcomes

- Use R to carry out basic statistical modelling and analysis
- Explain the significance of exploratory data analysis (EDA) in data science. Apply basic tools (plots, graphs, summary statistics) to carry out EDA
- Apply EDA and the Data Science process in a case study.
- Create effective visualization of given data
- Describe the Data Science Process and how its components interact.
- Work effectively in teams on data science projects.

Syllabus

Introduction: data science, data analytics, machine learning, and Artificial Intelligence. AI and Data Science in your company, AI and society. Role of Data.

Data Science Programming: Introduction to R, R packages, R Markdown, Programming e.g. functions, loops, if/else, comments, Tidy data, Tabular data and data import, Strings and regular expressions.

Manipulation of Data: Data Wrangling, Data manipulation dplyr. Plotting- Visualization with ggplot2. Statistical inference using R, What-if analysis, case studies, Use cases.

Application: Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process, Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA. Case studies. Web scraping, Text data and Natural Language Processing. Data Visualization, Data Science and Ethical Issues, Discussions on privacy, security, ethics.

- 1. Wickham, Hadley, and Garrett Grolemund. R for data science: import, tidy, transform, visualize, and model data. " O'Reilly Media, Inc.", 2016.
- 2. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from The Frontline. O'Reilly. 2014.
- 3. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett. Data Science for Business: What You Need to Know about Data Mining and Data-analytic Thinking. ISBN 1449361323. 2013.
- 4. Martin Braschler, Thilo Stadelmann, Kurt Stockinger Applied Data Science Lessons Learned for the Data-Driven Business, Springer 2019.
- 5. Peter Bruce and Andrew Bruce, Practical Statistics for Data Scientists, Published by O'Reilly Media 2017.
- 6. Software for Data Analysis: Programming with R (Statistics and Computing), John M. Chambers, Springer.

SEMESTER II

DSC521 Mathematical Foundation for Data Science [2-0-0-2]

Objectives

- To learn important linear algebra techniques and their applications in data mining, machine learning, pattern recognition.
- To explain the basic mathematical concepts of optimization
- To provide the skills necessary to solve and interpret optimization problems in engineering.

Outcomes

- Students will be able to model problems through abstract structures and arrive at insights or solutions by manipulating these models using their properties.
- Understand the different methods of optimization and be able to suggest a technique for a specific problem

Syllabus

Linear Algebra: Matrices, Vectors and their properties (determinants, traces, rank, nullity, etc.); Inner products; Distance measures; Projections; Notion of hyper planes; half-planes; Positive definite matrices; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

Numerical Linear Algebra: System of linear equations; Matrix factorizations; QR Decomposition; Singular value decompositions; Cholesky Factorization; Least squares Problem; Finding roots of an equation: Newton Raphson method.

Optimization: Unconstrained optimization; Necessary and sufficiency conditions for optima; Gradient descent methods; constrained optimization, convex sets, KKT conditions.

Learning References:

- 1. Matrix Computations by Gene H. Golub, C.F. Van Loan, The Johns Hopkins University Press.
- 2. G. Strang, Introduction to Linear Algebra, Wellesley-Cambridge Press, Fifth edition, USA,2016.
- 3. Numerical Linear Algebra by Lloyd N. Trefethen and David Bau, III, SIAM, Philadelphia,1997.
- 4. D. S. Watkins, Fundamentals of Matrix Computations, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2002.
- 5. David G. Luenberger, Optimization by Vector Space Methods, John Wiley & Sons (NY), 1969.
- An introduction to optimization by Edwin K. P. Chong and Stanislaw H. Zak, 4th Edition, Wiley, 2013.

DSC 522 Artificial Intelligence Engineering [2-0-2-3]

Objectives

• Cover various paradigms that come under the broad umbrella of AI.

Outcomes

• The students are expected to have the ability to develop an understanding of where and how AI can be used.

Syllabus

Introduction: AI:, Brief history. Agents and rationality, task environments, agent architecture types. Search and Knowledge representation. Search spaces Uninformed and informed search.

Techniques: Hill climbing, simulated annealing, genetic algorithms. Logic based representations (PL, FoL(Syntax and semantics, Using first order logic, Inference in first order logic.)) and inference Prolog. Rule based representations, forward and backward chaining, matching algorithms. Probabilistic reasoning and uncertainty.

Learning: Uncertainty and methods to handle it. Learning. Forms of learning. Statistical methods: Bayesian learning (Learning Bayes net structures), Instance based Learning (nearest neighbour, kernel, noise and over fitting. Decision trees) inductive learning, AI Modelling Techniques

Building Intelligent Systems: From Model to AI-enabled System, Goals and Success Measures for AI-Enabled Systems, Tradeoffs among Modeling Techniques, Dealing with Mistakes, Software Architecture of AI-Enabled Systems, Deployment and Process, Introduction to Domain Specific AI, Building Fair AI, Explainability and Interpretability, Introduction to Human-AI Interaction.

Applications: Applications to NLP, vision, robotics

- 1. Russel,S., and Norvig,P., (2015), Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall
- 2. Lang, Q. (1997), Intelligent Planning: A decomposition and abstraction-based approach, Springer Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg.
- 3. Patterson, Introduction to AI and Expert Systems, 3rd edition PHI.
- 4. Bosch, Jan, Helena Holmström Olsson, and Ivica Crnkovic. "Engineering ai systems: A research agenda." Artificial Intelligence Paradigms for Smart Cyber-Physical Systems. IGI global, 2021. 1-19.

DSC523 Data Mining [3-0-0-3]

Course Objectives

- To introduce basic concepts, tasks, methods, and techniques in data mining.
- Examine the types of the data to be mined and apply pre-processing methods on raw data
- Apply various data mining problems and their solutions.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will able to:

- Develop an understanding of the data mining process and issues.
- Understand various techniques for data mining
- Apply the techniques in solving data mining problems using data mining tools and systems
- Expose various real-world data mining applications.

Syllabus

Data Mining Concepts: - Introduction to modern data analysis (Data visualization; probability; histograms; multinomial distributions), Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery in Databases, Data Mining Functionalities, Data Pre-processing, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Data Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation, examples

Data mining algorithms: Association Rule Mining, Classification and Prediction: Issues Regarding Classification and Prediction, Classification by Decision Tree Regression, Bayesian Classification, Rule Based Classification, Classification by Back propagation, Support Vector Machines, Associative Classification, Lazy Learners, Random Forest, Other Classification Methods.

Data mining algorithms: Cluster Analysis: Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, Model-Based Clustering Methods, Hierarchical and Partitioning methods. Outlier Analysis.

Applications and trends in Data Mining: Sequential Pattern Mining; Mining Text and Web data, Mining Spatiotemporal and Trajectory Patterns, Multivariate Time Series (MVTS) Mining

Programming Assignments

- Basics of R/python
- Data Pre-processing and cleaning
- Data Reduction
- Association rule mining
- Classification and Prediction
- Cluster Analysis
- Outlier analysis
- Mining text and web
- Experiment based on applications of data mining

- 1. Alex Berson, Stephen J. Smith, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining, & OLAP", Tata Mcgraw-Hill, 2004.
- 2. Jiawei Han. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques. Morgan Kaufmann Publishers
- 3. Anahory and Murray .,Data warehousing in the real world , Pearson Education / Addison Wesley.
- 4. Berry Micheal and Gordon Linoff, Mastering Data Mining. John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 5. Margaret H. Dunham Data Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics. Prentice Hall
- 6. Hadzic F., Tan H. & Dillon T.S. "Mining data with Complex Structures" Springer, 2011
- 7. Yates R. B. and Neto B. R. "Modern Information Retrieval" Pearson Education, 2005
- 8. Tan P. N., Steinbach M & Kumar V."Introduction to Data Mining" Pearson Education, 2006
- 9. Christopher D.M., Prabhakar R. & Hinrich S. "Introduction to Information Retrieval" Cambridge UP Online edition,2009
- 10. Witten, E. Frank, M. Hall. "Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2011.

SEMESTER III

DSC611 Machine Learning: Principles and Practices [3-0-0-3]

Prerequisites: Basic programming knowledge, Probability and statistics

Course Objectives

- To provide basis understandings on mathematical foundations and concepts of machine learning
- To provide an in-depth introduction to supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning algorithms.
- To design and implement machine learning solutions to classification, regression, and clustering problems.

Course Outcomes

- Develop an appreciation for what is involved in learning from data.
- Understand a wide variety of learning algorithms.
- Understand how to apply a variety of learning algorithms to appropriate data.
- Understand how to perform evaluation of learning algorithms and model selection.
- Apply machine learning methods to real word problems

Syllabus

Basic Principles: Introduction, Computational Learning Theory (CLT): PAC learning, Sample complexity, VC-dimension, Bias and variance, Experimental Evaluation: overfitting and underfitting, Cross-Validation, cost function optimization. Bagging, boosting

Supervised Learning: Review of Linear algebra and convex optimization, Gradient descent based optimization: Batch and stochastic gradient descent. Regression algorithms: Simple linear regression, multiple linear regression, polynomial regression, L1 and L2 Regularization.. Logistic Regression, Gausian discriminant analysis (Naïve bayes, Naïve bayes with Laplace smoothing), Binary and multiclass Classification: SVM (Quadractic programming solution to finding maximum margin separators. Kernels for learning non-linear functions, Kernel Optimization), model selection. Multiclass Classification: Generalization bounds, Multiclass SVM,

Unsupervised Learning: Clustering (Spectral clustering learning), Expectation Maximization, Mixture of Gaussians, Hidden Markov Models

Probabilistic Models, Kernel Methods and Latent Space Models: Probabilistic Models: Maximum Likelihood Estimation, MAP, Probabilistic Principal Component Analysis, Latent Dirichlet allocation, Kernel Methods: Basics, Gaussian Processes, Kernels on Strings, trees, graphs, Latent Space Models: Independent Component Analysis

Recent trends in ML: Federated learning: Concepts, architecture and algorithms, Horizontal and vertical federated learning, federated transfer learning, distributed machine learning

Programming Assignments

- Experiments based on validation of models, regression and classification.
- Experiments on Gradient descent and stochastic gradient descent.
- Case studies using SVN and Multiclass SVM
- Experiments on Back propagation
- Implementations of Dimension reduction, EM algorithm and HMM
- Implementation of MAP, PCA, LDA, Kernel methods.
- Apply of machine learning methods to real word applications (Case studies)
- Experiments on building federated learning models

Learning Resources

- 1. Tom Mitchell. Machine Learning. McGraw Hill, 1997.
- 2. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, Kevin P Murphy, MIT Press.
- 3. Christopher M. Bishop. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer 2006.
- 4. Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, David G. Stork. Pattern Classification. John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 5. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman. The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction. Springer 2009.
- 6. MacKay, David. Information Theory, Inference, and Learning Algorithms. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- 7. Yang, Qiang, Yang Liu, Yong Cheng, Yan Kang, Tianjian Chen, and Han Yu. "Federated learning." Synthesis Lectures on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Morgan & Claypool publishers, 2019.

DSC612 Neural Networks and Deep Learning [3-0-0-3]

Course Objectives

- To provide an in-depth introduction to neural network architectures and training procedures and its applications
- Introduce major deep learning algorithms, the problem settings, and their applications to solve real world problems.

Course Outcomes

- Able to implement neural network architectures and training procedures.
- Thoroughly Understanding the fundamentals of Deep Learning.
- Gaining knowledge of the different modalities of Deep learning currently used.
- Gaining Knowlegde about State-of the art models and Other Important Works in recent years. Learning the skills to develop Deep Learning based AI Systems (Use of Multiple packages etc.)

Syllabus

Neural Networks and its variants- Neural Networks and its variants, Multi-layer Perceptron, the neural viewpoint, Training Neural Network: Risk minimization, loss function, regularization, Neural Network model selection, and optimization

Deep Learning: Deep Feed Forward network, regularizations, training deep models, dropouts, Convolutional Neural Networks, Deep Learning Hardware and Software. Recurrent Neural Network, Deep Belief Network, Autoencoders, Reinforcement learning – Passive and active, Generalization in RL, Policy Search, Deep Reinforcement Learning

Tools and advanced techniques in neural network: Intro to Deep Learning Tools (Pytorch, Tensorflow, Caffe, Theano) CNN Architectures, Generative Models

Application to Computer Vision: Computer vision overview, Historical context, Image Classification: Linear classification for Image I: Loss Functions and Optimization, Linear classification for Image II, Higher-level representations, image features, Softmax classifier, Object Detection and Segmentation, Visualizing and Understanding

Latest Trends- Generative Deep Learning, Fairness Accountability Transparency and Ethics in deep learning

Learning Resources

- 1. Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, and Aaron Courville
- 2. Neural Networks and Deep Learning by Michael Nielson
- 3. Bishop, C., M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006
- 4. Zhang, Aston, et al. "Dive into deep learning." arXiv preprint arXiv:2106.11342 (2021).
- 5. Foster, David. Generative deep learning: teaching machines to paint, write, compose, and play. O'Reilly Media, 2019.

DSC613 Big Data Analytics [2-0-2-3]

Course Objective

- To familiarize students with big data analysis as a tool for analysing large complex dataset.
- To learn to use various techniques for mining data stream.
- Understand the applications using Map Reduce Concepts
- Provide hands on Hodoop Eco System
- To introduce programming tools PIG & HIVE in Hadoop echo system

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Process data in Big Data platform and explore the big data analytics techniques for business applications
- Analyse Map Reduce technologies in big data analytics
- Develop Big Data solutions using Hadoop Eco System
- Design efficient algorithms for stream data mining on big data platform

Pre-Requisites

Basic programming knowledge (python) and basics of statistics.

Syllabus

NoSQL Database: NoSQL Databases - Schema less Models, Increasing Flexibility for Data Manipulation-Key Value Stores, Document Stores, Tabular Stores, Object Data Stores - Graph Databases, Big data for twitter, Big data for E-Commerce blogs.

Data visualization: Basics of data visualization, Principles used for visualization, Lie factor, Category based visualization, Visualization tools and techniques, Outlier detection using visualization, Visualization based data analysis techniques.

Big Data: Evolution of Big data, Best Practices for Big data Analytics - Big data characteristics -Big Data Use Cases, Characteristics of Big Data Applications, Big Data Modelling, HDFS performance and tuning, Map reduce algorithm, Hadoop Eco system Pig : Introduction to PIG, Execution Modes of Pig, Grunt, Pig Latin, User Defined Functions, Data Processing operators. Hive : Hive Shell, Hive Services, HiveQL, Tables, Querying Data and User Defined Functions. Hbase : HBasics, Concepts, Clients, Example, Spark

Mining Data Streams: Introduction to Streams Concepts, Stream Data Model and Architecture -Sampling Data in a Stream, Filtering Streams, Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream –Real time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applications, Case Studies, Real Time Sentiment Analysis- Stock Market Predictions.

Lab assignments

Exploring data analysis techniques library of python

- 1. Experiments of various data plotting and visualization techniques
- 2. Programming on Hadoop
- 3. Programming on PIG, HIVE, and Spark
- 4. Implementation of Machine Learning techniques on Big Data
- 5. Implementation of Stream data mining techniques

- 1. Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 2. Tom White , Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, 4th edition O'Reily Publications, 2015
- 3. Judith Hurwitz, Alan Nugent, Dr. Fern Halper, and Marcia Kaufman, "Big data for dummies" A wiley brand publications.
- 4. Holden Harau, "Learning Spark: Lightning-Fast Big Data Analysis", O-Reilly Publications
- 5. David Loshin, "Big Data Analytics: From Strategic Planning to Enterprise Integration with Tools, Techniques, NoSQL, and Graph", 2013.

- 6. Bart Baesens, "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications", Wiley Publishers, 2015.
- 7. Kim H. Pries and Robert Dunnigan, "Big Data Analytics: A Practical Guide for Managers " CRC Press, 2015.
- 8. EMC Education Services, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data", Wiley publishers, 2015.
- 9. Dietmar Jannach, Markus Zanker, Alexander Felfernig and Gerhard Friedrich "Recommender Systems: An Introduction", Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 10. Jimmy Lin, Chris Dyer and Graeme Hirst, "Data-Intensive Text Processing with MapReduce", Synthesis Lectures on Human Language Technologies, Vol. 3, No. 1, Pages 1-177, Morgan Claypool publishers, 2010.

SEMESTER IV

DSC 621 Data Visualization and Predictive analytics [3-0-2-4]

Course Objectives

• To extend student's knowledge in the area of Data Science with emphasis on Predictions utilizing associated statistical methods and software tools.

Course Outcomes

- Ability to apply specific statistical and regression analysis methods applicable to predictive analytics to identify new trends and patterns, uncover relationships, create forecasts, predict likelihoods, and test predictive hypotheses.
- Ability to develop and use various quantitative and classification predictive models based on various regression and decision tree methods.

Syllabus

Introduction to Data Acquisition – Applications –Process- Data Extraction- Data Cleaning and Annotation- Data Integration -Data Reduction- Data Transformation –Visualization-Introduction -Terminology- Basic Charts and Plots- Multivariate Data Visualization- Data Visualization Techniques– Pixel-Oriented Visualization Techniques- Geometric Projection Visualization Techniques- Icon-Based Visualization Techniques- Hierarchical Visualization Techniques-Visualization Techniques- Visualization Techniques- Visu

Data Visualization Tools– Rank Analysis Tools- Trend Analysis Tools- Multivariate Analysis Tools- Distribution Analysis Tools- Correlation Analysis Tools- Geographical Analysis Tools.

Regression model building framework: Problem definition, Data pre-processing; Model building; Diagnostics and validation Simple Linear Regression: Coefficient of determination, Significance tests, Residual analysis, Confidence and Prediction intervals

Multiple Linear Regression: Coefficient of multiple coefficient of determination, Interpretation of regression coefficients, Categorical variables, Heteroscedasticity, Multi-collinearity, outliers, Auto regression and transformation of variables, Regression model building.

Lab Experiments

Defining data visualization; Visualization workflow: describing data visualization workflow, process in practice; Data Representation: chart types: categorical, hierarchical, relational, temporal & spatial; 2-D: bar charts, Clustered bar charts, dot plots, connected dot plots, pictograms, proportional shape charts, bubble charts, radar charts, polar charts, Range chart, Box-and-whisker plots, univariate scatter plots, histograms word cloud, pie chart, waffle chart, stacked bar chart, back-to-back bar chart, treemap and all relevant 2-D charts. 3-D: surfaces, contours, hidden surfaces, pm3d coloring, 3D mapping; multi-dimensional data visualization; manifold visualization; graph data visualization; Annotation.

Learning Resources

- 1. Andy Kirk, Data Visualization A Handbook for Data Driven Design, Sage Publications, 2016
- 2. Philipp K. Janert, Gnuplot in Action, Understanding Data with Graphs, Manning Publications, 2010.
- 3. Alberto Cordoba, "Understanding the Predictive Analytics Lifecycle", Wiley, 2014.
- 4. Eric Siegel, Thomas H. Davenport, "Predictive Analytics: The Power to Predict Who Will Click, Buy, Lie, or Die", Wiley, 2013.
- 5. James R Evans, "Business Analytics Methods, Models and Decisions", Pearson 2013.
- 6. R. N. Prasad, Seema Acharya, "Fundamentals of Business Analytics", Wiley, 2015.

DSC622 Graph Algorithms and Mining [2-0-0-2]

Course Objectives

- To provide the basic concepts and important properties of graphs.
- To learn and explore several methods on algorithms such as graph traversal, shortest paths, minimum spanning tree
- To introduce students to the field of graph mining and its application in various domains.
- To give the students an opportunity to obtain hands-on experience on applications of graph mining.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the students will able to:

- Understand of the graph theory and graph mining foundations
- Analyse graph mining methods,
- Formulate and solve graph-related problems,
- Apply graph mining algorithms to analyze large-scale datasets on various domains

Syllabus

Introduction to graphs: Introduction to graphs and basic terminology, Representations of a graph, types of graphs, basic algorithms for decomposing graphs into parts, connectivity of graphs, matching on graphs,

Graph algorithms: Graph colouring, graphs on surface, directed graphs, Shortest path algorithms, algorithms to discover minimum spanning tree, Flows in Networks and some important flow algorithms, Searching Graphs and Related algorithms.

Graph Mining: Motivation for Graph Mining, Applications of Graph Mining, Mining Frequent Subgraphs –Transactions, BFS/Apriori Approach (FSG and others), DFS Approach (gSpan and others), Diagonal and Greedy Approaches, Constraint-based mining and new algorithms, Mining Frequent Subgraphs, graph visualizations

Applications of Graph Mining: Web mining, centrality analysis, Link analysis algorithms, graph clustering and community detection, Node classification and Link prediction, Influential spreaders, Influence maximization, Geo-social and location based networks

Learning Resources

- 1. Diestel, R. (2010).Graph Theory, 4th ed.Springer-Verlag, Heidelberg
- 2. J. Han and M. Kamber, Data minining–Concepts and Techniques, 2ndEdition, Morgan kaufmanPublishers, 2006
- 3. Bing Liu, Web Data Mining: Exploring Hyperlinks, Contents, and Usage Data, Springer publishing, 2009
- 4. Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeff Ullman. Mining of Massive Datasets. Book 2nd edition. Cambridge University Press
- 5. David Easley and Jon Kleinberg. Networks, Crowds, and Markets. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 6. Deepayan Chakrabarti andChristos Faloutsos. Graph Mining: Laws, Tools, and Case Studies. Synthesis Lectures on Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery, Morgan & Claypool Publishers,2012
- 7. Albert-László Barabási. Network Science. Cambridge University Press, 2016.

DSC623 Business Analytics [1-0-0-1]

Course Objectives

- To extend student's knowledge in the area of Data Science with emphasis on Business Intelligence.
- To organize and critically apply the concepts and methods of business analytics that support the decision process in business operations.
- Assess decision problems and build models for creating solutions using business analytical tools

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will able to

- Comprehend the practice of iterative, methodical exploration of an organization's data with emphasis on statistical analysis to automate and optimize business processes.
- Understand how data science fits in your organization—and how you can use it for competitive advantage
- Treat data as a business asset that requires careful investment if you're to gain real value
- Approach business problems data-analytically, using the data-mining process to gather good data in the most appropriate way

Syllabus

Introduction: Need for Business Analytics (BA), Business Analytics at the strategic level: Strategy and BA, Link between strategy and Business Analytics, BA supporting strategy at functional level, dialogue between strategy and BA functions, and information as strategic resource.

Statistics & Optimisation: Sampling, Inferential Statistics Understanding the business problem and formulating hypotheses, hypothesis testing, Univariate Statistics, Bivariate Statistics, Analysis of Variance, Correlation, ARIMA model.

Predictive Analytics: Spreadsheet Modelling of Data Analytics algorithms, Linear Time series Forecasting models and other Time Series Models in Business.

Applications: Credit Analysis, Equity Analysis, Digital Advertising, Web& social media, Display advertising - Bundling and Revenue Management

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- 2. Olivia Parr Rud, Business Intelligence Success Factors Tools for aligning your business in the global economy, John Wiley and Sons, 2009
- 3. Steve Williams and Nancy Williams, The Profit impact of Business Intelligence, Morgan Kauffman Publishers! Elsevier, 2007
- 4. Gert H.N. Laursen, JesperThorlund, Business Analytics for Managers: Taking Business Intelligence beyond reporting, Wiley and SAS Business Series. 2010
- 5. Palepu Healy and Bernard, : Business analysis & valuation, South western college publication, 2nd edition
- 6. Jim Sterne, Social Media Metrics: How to Measure and Optimize Your Marketing Investment, John Wiley & Sons (16 April 2010)
- 7. Robert L. Phillips., "Pricing and Revenue Optimization", Stanford Business Book, 2005.
- 8. Jonathan D. Cryer, Kung-SikChan, Time Series Analysis: With Applications in R (Springer Texts in Statistics), second edition, November 17, 2010.